

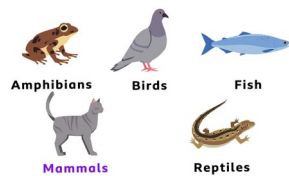
What should I already know?






I know about similarities and difference in living things.
 I can talk about my own environment and how environments might vary.
 I can make observations about animals and living things.

Enquiry Question

Are all animals the same?

Vocabulary	
Scales	small, hard layers that grow from the skin
Webbed-feet	fingers and toes that are joined together to help with swimming
Gills	help fish to breathe underwater
Fin	body parts that help a fish to swim
Beak	the hard part of a bird's mouth and nose
Wings	a part of a bird's body that can be used for flying
Fur	the fine, soft hair found on different animals
Animal	a living creature



Mammals	Fish	Reptiles	Birds	Amphibians
				
Mammals are warm blooded. Most have hair or fur. They give birth to live young that are fed with milk. Cannot breathe underwater.	Fish are cold blooded. They live in water. They lay eggs in water. They have fins and scales. Can breathe underwater using gills.	Reptiles are cold blooded—their body temperature changes to its surroundings. They lay eggs. They have dry, scaly skin. Cannot breathe underwater.	Birds are warm blooded. They lay eggs. They often have feathers to keep them warm. They have wings and hollow bones to help them fly. They have beaks.	Amphibians are cold blooded. They live in water and land. They lay eggs. They have 3 life stages: egg, larva and adult. Can breathe underwater using gills.
Human, monkey, lion, bear, dog	Shark, salmon, ray, tuna, goldfish	Lizard, crocodile, snake	Robin, penguin, duck, chicken, owl	Frog, toad, salamander, newt

Carnivore
 Animal that eat other animals

Omnivore
 Animal that eats both plants and other animals

Herbivore
 Animal that only eats plants

HERBIVORES	CARNIVORES	OMNIVORES
