

Diving

4 Complete the calculations.

a) $5 \times 2\frac{2}{3} = 10 + \frac{10}{3} = 13\frac{1}{3}$

b) $4\frac{3}{7} \times 5 = 20 + \frac{15}{7} = 22\frac{2}{7}$

c) $8 \times 2\frac{5}{12} = 16 + \frac{40}{12} = 19\frac{1}{3}$


d) $7 \times 3\frac{1}{5} = 21 + \frac{7}{5} = 22\frac{2}{5}$

e) $4\frac{2}{9} \times 8 = 32 + \frac{16}{9} = 33\frac{2}{9}$

f) $11 \times 4\frac{3}{10} = 44 + \frac{33}{10} = 47\frac{3}{10}$

5

5 \times $3\frac{2}{11}$ is equal to
 3 \times $5\frac{2}{11}$



Do you agree with Ron? No

Explain why.

$5 \times 3\frac{2}{11} = 15\frac{10}{11}$

$3 \times 5\frac{2}{11} = 15\frac{6}{11}$

6 Eva drinks $3\frac{1}{3}$ litres of water a day.
 How many litres of water does she drink in a week?

$23\frac{1}{3}$ l

7 Here is a recipe for a birthday cake.



Butter $1\frac{3}{8}$ kg
 Sugar $1\frac{5}{16}$ kg
 Self-raising flour $2\frac{1}{4}$ kg
 6 eggs

a) How much flour is needed for 3 birthday cakes?

$6\frac{3}{8}$ kg

b) Dora makes 4 birthday cakes.
 How much more butter does she use than sugar?

$\frac{1}{4}$ kg

7a. 2

8a. C is the odd one out because A and B both equal $17\frac{1}{3}$, whereas C equals $17\frac{1}{5}$.

9a. Alfie is not correct because he has multiplied the denominator by the integer. The correct answer is $16\frac{4}{5}$.

7b. 5

8b. B is the odd one out because A and C both equal $13\frac{1}{2}$, whereas B equals $14\frac{1}{4}$.

9b. Alina is correct however she has not simplified her answer. The simplified answer is $18\frac{1}{3}$.